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Question Paper Code: 53236

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2019.

Fifth/Sixth Semester

Information Technology

IT 6502 — DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Common to Computer Science and Engineering/Mechatronics Engineering)

(Regulation 2013)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A
$$-(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

1. For the discrete time signal x(n) shown in the Fig. 1 below, sketch the signal x(n-3) and x(n+2).

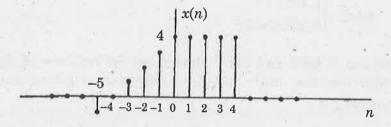


Fig. 1

- 2. Define correlation of two different signals.
- 3. Mention the number of computations involved in direct computation of DFT.
- 4. State the circular frequency shift property of DFT.
- 5. Mention the characteristics of the Butterworth and Chebychev analog filters.
- 6. Mention two advantages and disadvantages of IIR filters.
- 7. Define the Hamming and Hanning window functions.
- 8. Sketch the direct form structure for the FIR filter with the difference equation:

$$y(n) = x(n) + \frac{1}{2}x(n-1) + \frac{1}{4}x(n-2) + \frac{1}{8}x(n-3)$$
.

- 9. Mention the three ways of representing negative numbers. Express -7/8 in the three forms.
- 10. What is the advantage of scaling compared to saturation arithmetic?

PART B — $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ marks})$

- 11. (a) (i) Consider the periodic sampling of a continuous time signal, establish the relation between analog and digital signal frequencies.

 (7)
 - (ii) Consider the analog signal $x_a(t) = 3\cos 100\pi t$.
 - (1) Determine the minimum sampling rate required to avoid aliasing. (2)
 - (2) Suppose that the signal is sampled at the rate $F_s = 300 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ and 75 Hz. What is the discrete time signal obtained after sampling?

Or

- (b) (i) Determine the power and energy of the unit step signal. (3)
 - (ii) Determine the Z-transform of the signal $x(n) = -a^n u(-n-1)$. Sketch its ROC. (5)
 - (iii) Compute the convolution of the two signals $x_1(n) = \{1, -2, 1\}$ and $x_2(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \le n \le 5 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ (5)
- 12. (a) By means of DFT and IDFT, determine the response of the filter with impulse response $h(n) = \{1, 2, 3\}$ to the input sequence $x(n) = \{1, 2, 2, 1\}$.

 Assume N = 8. (13)

Or

- (b) (i) Sketch the flow graphs of the basic butterfly computation and the 8 point Decimation in time FFT. (6)
 - (ii) Using the flow graph, determine the 8 point DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0\}$. (7)
- 13. (a) A digital IIR low pass filter is required to meet the following frequency domain specifications:

3 dB ripple (maximum) in the passband $0 \le \omega \le 0.3 \pi$ rad.

At least 20 dB (minimum) attenuation in the stopband $0.6\pi \le \omega \le \pi$

The digital filter is to be designed by applying bilinear transformation.

(13)

Or

A digital low pass filter is to be designed to have a maximally flat (b) frequency response with the following specifications.

$$20\log |H(\omega)|_{\omega=0.2\pi} \ge -1.9328 \ dB$$

 $20\log |H(\omega)|_{\omega=0.6\pi} \le -13.9794 \ dB$

Find the transfer function of the filter to meet the above specifications using impulse invariant transformation method.

14. The desired frequency response of a low pass filter is given by

$$H_d(\omega) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3\omega}, & |\omega| < \frac{3\pi}{4} \\ 0, \frac{3\pi}{4} < |\omega| < \pi \end{cases}$$
 Determine the frequency response of the FIR filter if Hamming window is used with N = 7.

filter if Hamming window is used with
$$N = 7$$
. (13)

Or

- Design a 17 tap linear phase FIR low pass filter with cut off frequency (b) $\omega_c = \frac{\pi}{2}$. The design is to be done using frequency sampling technique. (13)
- Consider the recursive filter shown in the Fig. 2 below. The input x(n)15. (a) has a range of values $\pm 100\,\mathrm{V}$. represented by 8 bits. Compute the variance of the output of the A/D conversion process. (13)

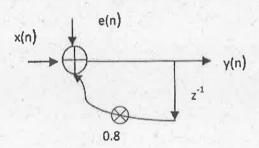


Fig. 2

Or

Find the effect of coefficient quantization on pole locations of the given second order IIR system, when it is realized in direct form I and in cascade form. Assume a word length of 4 bits through truncation.

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{1 - 0.9 z^{-1} + 0.2 z^{-2}}$$
 (13)

PART C — $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$

16. (a) Compute the characteristics of a limit cycle oscillation with respect to the system described the difference equation x(n) = 0.95 y(n-1) + x(n).

Determine the dead band of the filter. Assume 4 bit sign magnitude representation including sign bit and the input as $x(n) = \begin{cases} 0.875, & \text{for } n = 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ (15)

Or

- (b) (i) Perform Circular convolution of the two sequences: (7) $x_1(n) = \{2, 1, 2, 1\} \quad x_2(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
 - (ii) Find the 4 point DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right)$ using Decimation in Frequency algorithm. (8)